

## **TUBERCULOSIS (TB) ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

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<b>AFB</b>	acid-fast bacilli
<b>ALT</b>	alanine aminotransferase
<b>ARPE</b>	Aggregate Reports for Tuberculosis Program Evaluation
<b>AR</b>	auramine-rhodamine – smear method using fluorescent microscope
<b>ART</b>	antiretroviral therapy
<b>AST</b>	aspartate aminotransferase
<b>AK</b>	amikacin
<b>ATS</b>	American Thoracic Society
<b>BCG</b>	Bacille Calmette-Guérin
<b>BDQ</b>	bedaquiline
<b>CBC</b>	complete blood count
<b>CDC</b>	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
<b>cDST</b>	culture-based drug susceptibility test
<b>CI</b>	contact investigation
<b>CFZ</b>	clofazimine
<b>CNS</b>	central nervous system
<b>CM</b>	capreomycin
<b>CS</b>	cycloserine
<b>CXR</b>	chest x-ray
<b>DTBE</b>	Division of Tuberculosis Elimination
<b>DOT</b>	directly observed therapy
<b>DR</b>	drug-resistance
<b>DST</b>	drug susceptibility test(ing)
<b>EMB (E)</b>	ethambutol
<b>EPTB</b>	extra-pulmonary tuberculosis
<b>ESRD</b>	end-stage renal disease
<b>ETA</b>	ethionamide
<b>FQN (FQ)</b>	fluoroquinolone
<b>IGRA</b>	interferon gamma release assay
<b>INH</b>	Isoniazid

<b>inhA</b>	a specific mutation in the <i>M.tb</i> genome that confers resistance to INH & ethionamide
<b>HIV</b>	human immunodeficiency virus
<b>IGRA</b>	interferon gamma release assay
<b>INH (I)</b>	Isoniazid
<b>IP</b>	infectious period
<b>IVDU</b>	intravenous drug use
<b>katG</b>	specific mutation in the <i>M.tb</i> genome that confers INH resistance
<b>LFT</b>	liver function test
<b>LHJ</b>	Local health jurisdiction
<b>LJ</b>	Lowenstein-Jensen (type of TB culture medium)
<b>LZD</b>	linezolid
<b>LTBI</b>	latent tuberculosis infection
<b><i>M. tb</i></b>	<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> ; <b>MTBC</b> = <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> complex
<b>MAC</b>	<i>Mycobacterium avium</i> complex
<b>MDR</b>	molecular detection of drug resistance (testing performed through CDC lab)
<b>MDR-TB</b>	multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (isolate resistant to INH + RIF)
<b>mDST</b>	molecular-based drug susceptibility test
<b>MFX</b>	moxifloxacin
<b>MGIT</b>	mycobacteria growth indicator tube (TB culture method)
<b>MIRU</b>	mycobacterial interspersed repetitive units (genotype method)
<b>MMWR</b>	Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report
<b>NAAT</b>	nucleic acid amplification test
<b>NALC</b>	N-acetyl L-cysteine – used to liquefy thick sputum
<b>NaOH</b>	sodium hydroxide – used to decontaminate sputum specimen
<b>NSAIDs</b>	non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs
<b>NTCA</b>	National Tuberculosis Controllers Association
<b>NTIP</b>	National Tuberculosis Indicators Project
<b>NTM</b>	nontuberculous mycobacteria
<b>NTNC</b>	National Tuberculosis Nurse Coalition
<b>PCR</b>	polymerase chain reaction
<b>PPD</b>	purified protein derivative
<b>pncA</b>	specific mutation in the <i>M.tb</i> genome that confers PZA resistance

<b>PSQ</b>	pyrosequencing
<b>PTB</b>	pulmonary tuberculosis
<b>PZA (P)</b>	pyrazinamide
<b>QFT</b>	QuantiFERON blood test (commercial product to test for LTBI)
<b>RFB (RBT)</b>	rifabutin
<b>RIPE</b>	rifampin, isoniazid, pyrazinamide and ethambutol
<b>RPT</b>	rifapentine
<b>RIF (R)</b>	rifampin
<b>RIF-R</b>	rifampin resistance
<b>rpoB</b>	specific loci in the <i>M.tb</i> genome where mutation may occur conferring RIF-R
<b>RVCT</b>	Report of Verified Case of Tuberculosis
<b>SAT</b>	self-administered therapy
<b>SM (S)</b>	streptomycin
<b>TAT</b>	turnaround time
<b>TDM</b>	therapeutic drug monitoring
<b>TNF-<math>\alpha</math></b>	tumor necrosis factor-alpha
<b>TST</b>	tuberculin skin test
<b>ULN</b>	upper limit of normal
<b>VDOT</b>	video-based directly observed therapy
<b>VNTR</b>	variable number of tandem repeats (genotype method)
<b>WGS</b>	whole genome sequencing
<b>XDR-TB</b>	extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis
<b>ZN</b>	Ziehl-Neelson (AFB staining method)