**The Right Questions: Throughout Case Management**

- How do you know that the patient is at risk for TB?
- Why do you suspect that this patient has TB? TB symptoms? Abnormal chest x-ray? History?
- How do you know that you can accurately describe the patient’s TB disease?
- On what evidence did you determine the start of the patient’s infectious period?
- How did the patient describe his/her culture and initial beliefs about TB?
- How do you know whether or not your patient can get food, shelter, clothing, transportation, and health care?

**Assessment**

**The Right Questions: During Assessment**

- Is DOT happening as mutually agreed upon?
- How do you know whether or not the patient is knowledgeable about his/her TB disease?
- How have you checked for signs and symptoms of adverse reactions or side effects?

**Treatment**

**The Right Questions: During Treatment**

- Is DOT happening as mutually agreed upon?
- How do you know whether or not the patient is knowledgeable about his/her TB disease?
- How have you checked for signs and symptoms of adverse reactions or side effects?

**Guiding the tuberculosis case management process along the continuum of care from suspected or confirmed tuberculosis to completion of treatment**

- HIV, pregnancy, breastfeeding, younger than 4 years old, extrapulmonary TB, diabetes, kidney dialysis, or any drug resistance?